Please feel free to print this pdf file off and use it in the field to identify the commoner wildflowers found between Perth and Shark Bay. Heathland, particularly in and around Lesueur and Kalbarri National Parks are diverse, world class flower rich habitats, and present A remarkable floral display in spring and early summer. Please note that all images are copyright Mark Lucock. For commercial use see www.marklucock.com.







Left to right: Common cats paw (*Anigozanthos humilis*)*; Cowslip orchid (*Caladenia flava*)*; Pink everlasting(*Lawrencella rosea*)**





Left to right: Pink poker (*Grevillea petrophiloides*)**; Rose coneflower and grass tree taking in the broad vista of Lesueur National Park.

^{*} Lesueur National Park

^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Left to right: Holly leaved tailflower (*Anthocercis ilicifolia*)**; One-sided bottlebrush (*Calothamnus quadrifidus*)*;



Left to right: Oldfields starflower(*Calytrix oldfieldii*)**; Scarlet honey-myrtle (*Melaleuca fulgens*).

At right: Cotton heads (Conostylis sp)*

^{*} Lesueur National Park

^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Left to right: Kangaroo paw (*Anigozanthos manglesii*)*; Murchison rose (*Diploaena grandiflora*)**; Purple thryptomene (*Thryptomene strongylophylla*)**



Above: Heath - Kalbarri National Park at sunset

At right: Acorn banksia (Banksia prionotes)**

* Lesueur National Park



^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Left to right: Rose coneflower (*Isopogon dubious*)*; Murchison clawflower (*Calothamnus homalophyllus*)**; Bossiaea sp**



Above: Field of everlasting at Nerren Nerren enroute to Shark Bay

^{*} Lesueur National Park

^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Left to right: Velvet fanflower (*Scaevola phlebopetala*)**; Hairy mirbelia (*Mirbelia trichocalyx*)*



Left to right: Pink everlasting (*Lawrencella rosea*)**; Scarlet featherflower (*Verticordia grandis*)*.

At right: Thick-leaved fanflower (Scaevola crassifolia)



^{**} Kalbarri National Park





Left to right: Yellow plume grevillea (*Grevilllea eriostachya*)**; Woolly lambs tails (*Lachnostachys Eriobotrya*)**; Thin-leaved wattle (*Acacia scirpifolia*)**



Left to right: Yellow featherflower (*Verticordia chrysantha*)*; Wiry honey myrtle (*Melaleuca nematophylla*)**; Cotton bush (*Ptilotus obovatus*)-Nerren Nerren

^{*} Lesueur National Park

^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Top, left to right: Guinea flower (*Hibbertia glomerosa*)*; Common cats claw from above (*Anigozanthos humilis*)*. Below, left to right: Smelly socks at sunset (*Grevillea leucopteris*)**; Tar bush (*Eremophila glabra*)**





* Lesueur National Park

^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Above: Smoke bush and grass tree (Conospermum stoechadis)*





Left to right: Sandhill grevillea (*Grevillea commutata*)**: Showy scholitzia (*Scholitzia uberiflora*)**

^{*} Lesueur National Park

^{**} Kalbarri National Park



Common roadside view in spring (Ajana-Kalbarri Rd near Meanarra Hill turn off)

The following page contains a table for you to compile field notes (you can print extra copies of this page as required). Please note that while I have done my best to identify all the species correctly, mistakes are easily made, particularly when identification is retrospective based on photographs alone.

The 35 species in this document are among the more common floral species in the heathland of Western Australia, and are easily spotted as you drive around this amazing area. If you're lucky, you might see many reptiles. Including the diminutive thorny devil

(Moloch horridus) shot in Kalbarri National

Park.

Species	Habitat	Location	Date
Field notes			